§890.702

Health benefits plan means the Government-wide Service Benefit Plan, the Government-wide Indemnity Benefit Plan, or an employee organization plan, as described under 5 U.S.C. 8903(1), (2), and (3), respectively.

Medically underserved area includes any of the 50 States of the United States where the Office of Personnel Management determines that 25 percent or more of the residents are located in primary medical care manpower shortage areas designated pursuant to section 332 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 254e).

OPM makes its annual determination by comparing the latest Department of Health and Human Services state-by-state population counts on primary medical care manpower shortage areas with U.S. Census figures on state resident population. The determination will be made prior to the annual FEHB open season and will be for the next calendar year. OPM will announce the results of this determination before each open season in a public notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

[45 FR 48099, July 18, 1980, as amended at 45 FR 81728, Dec. 12, 1980; 47 FR 17465, Apr. 23, 1982; 48 FR 14563, Apr. 5, 1983; 51 FR 28800, Aug. 12, 1986; 52 FR 2666, Jan. 26, 1987; 53 FR 860, Jan. 14, 1988; 53 FR 28366, July 28, 1988; 53 FR 28997, Aug. 2, 1988; 59 FR 60297, Nov. 23, 1994]

§890.702 Payment to any licensed practitioner.

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, if a contract between the Office of Personnel Management and a group health insurance carrier offering a health benefits plan subject to this subpart provides for payment or reimbursement of the cost of health services for the care and treatment of a particular health condition only if such service is rendered by a certain category of practitioner, the plan must also provide benefits, up to the limits of it contract, for the same service when rendered and billed for by any other individual who is licensed under applicable State law to provide such service, if the service is provided to an enrollee of the plan in a medically underserved area as defined by this subpart.

(b) Paragraph (a) of this section applies only to health services provided under contracts which became effective after December 31, 1979.

[45 FR 48099, July 18, 1980, as amended at 52 FR 2666, Jan. 26, 1987]

Subpart H—Benefits for Former Spouses

SOURCE: 51 FR 15748, Apr. 28, 1986, unless otherwise noted.

§890.801 Introduction.

This subpart sets forth policies and procedures for obtaining health benefits coverage that are unique to former spouses of Federal employees and retirees.

§890.802 Definition.

In this subpart, a *Qualifying court order* means a court order acceptable for processing as defined in §838.103 of this chapter or qualifying court order as defined in §838.1003 of this chapter.

[57 FR 33599, July 29, 1992]

§890.803 Who may enroll.

- (a) Except as specified in paragraph (b) of this section, a former spouse is eligible to enroll in a health benefits plan under this part provided that—
- (1) The former spouse whose marriage to an employee, employee annuitant, or a former Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) or Foreign Service employee is dissolved has not remarried before age 55; and
- (2) The former spouse was enrolled in a health benefits plan under this part as a family member at any time during the 18 months preceding the date of the dissolution of marriage; and

(3)(i) The former spouse currently receives, or has future title to receive (A) a portion of annuity payable to the employee upon retirement based on a qualifying court order for purposes of 5 U.S.C. 8345(j) or 5 U.S.C. 8467; (B) survivor annuity benefits based on a qualifying court order for purposes of 5 U.S.C. 8341(h) or 5 U.S.C. 8445; or (C) a survivor annuity elected by the employee under 5 U.S.C. 8339(j)(3) or 5 U.S.C. 8417(b), including a former spouse who is designated as an insurable interest pursuant to §\$831.613(a)

- and (b) and 842.605(a) and (b) of this chapter (or benefits similar to those under this paragraph under another retirement system for Government employees); *or*
- (ii) The former spouse was married to an employee who retired before May 7, 1985, and (A) the employee annuitant elects to provide a survivor annuity to the former spouse under procedures prescribed in §831.682 of this title; or (B) the former spouse satisfies all of the conditions for a survivor annuity in §831.683 of this title; or
- (iii) The former spouse was married to an employee who died before May 7, 1985, and the employee was eligible for an immediate annuity on or before the date of death, *and* the former spouse satisfies all of the conditions for a survivor annuity in §831.683 of this title, or
- (iv) The former spouse was married to an employee or former employee of the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) for at least 10 years during the employee's CIA service, at least 5 years of which both the employee and the former spouse spent outside the United States, and the marriage was dissolved before May 7, 1985; *or*,
- (v) The former spouse was married to an employee or former employee of the Foreign Service for at least 10 years during the employee's government service, and the marriage was dissolved before May 7, 1985.
- (b) Except as contained in paragraphs (a)(3) (iv) and (v) of this section, a former spouse of an employee who separates from Federal service before becoming eligible for immediate annuity is eligible to enroll only if the former spouse's marriage to the employee was dissolved before the employee left Federal service.
- (c) If a former spouse cannot apply for benefits on his or her own behalf because of a mental or physical disability, application may be filed by a court-appointed guardian.
- [51 FR 15748, Apr. 28, 1986, as amended at 52 FR 39497, Oct. 22, 1987, and 53 FR 32368, Aug. 25, 1988; 53 FR 45070, Nov. 8, 1988; 57 FR 21192, May 19, 1992; 58 FR 52882, Oct. 13, 1993; 62 FR 38440, July 18, 1997]

§890.804 Coverage.

- (a) Type of enrollment. A former spouse who meets the requirements of §890.803 may elect coverage for self alone or for self and family. A family enrollment covers only the former spouse and any unmarried dependent natural or adopted child of both the former spouse and the employee, former employee or employee annuitant, provided such child is not otherwise covered by a health plan under this part. An unmarried dependent child must be under age 22 or incapable of self-support because of a mental or physical disability existing before age 22. No person may be covered by two enrollments.
- (b) *Proof of dependency.* (1) A child is considered to be dependent on the former spouse or the employee, former employee, or employee annuitant if he or she is—
 - (i) A legitimate child;
 - (ii) An adopted child;
- (iii) A recognized natural child who lives with the former spouse or the employee, former employee, or employee annuitant in a regular parent-child relationship.
- (iv) A recognized natural child for whom a judicial determination of support has been obtained; or
- (v) A recognized natural child to whose support the former spouse, or the employee, former employee, or employee annuitant makes regular and substantial contributions in accordance with §890.302(b)(2).
- (c) *Exclusions from coverage*. Coverage as a family member may be denied—
- (1) If evidence shows that the former spouse, employee, former employee, or annuitant did not recognize the child as his or her own, despite a willingness to support the child; or
- (2) If evidence calls the child's paternity or maternity into doubt, despite the former spouse's employee's, former employee's, or employee annuitant's recognition and support of the child.
- (d) Child incapable of self-support. When a former spouse enrolls for a family enrollment which includes a child who has become 22 years of age and is incapable of self-support, the employing office shall determine such child's eligibility in accordance with §890.302(d), (e), and (f).